



IEC 60317-31

Edition 2.0 2015-10

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

**Specifications for particular types of winding wires –
Part 31: Glass fibre wound, resin or varnish impregnated, bare or enamelled
rectangular copper wire, temperature index 180**

INTERNATIONAL
ELECTROTECHNICAL
COMMISSION

ICS 29.060.10

ISBN 978-2-8322-2955-2

Warning! Make sure that you obtained this publication from an authorized distributor.

CONTENTS

FOREWORD	3
INTRODUCTION	5
1 Scope	6
2 Normative references	6
3 Terms, definitions, general notes and appearance	6
3.1 Terms and definitions	6
3.2 General notes	6
3.2.1 Methods of test	6
3.2.2 Winding wire	6
3.3 Appearance	7
4 Dimensions	7
5 Electrical resistance	7
6 Elongation	7
7 Springiness	7
8 Flexibility and adherence	7
9 Heat shock	7
10 Cut-through	7
11 Resistance to abrasion	7
12 Resistance to solvents	8
13 Breakdown voltage	8
14 Continuity of insulation	8
15 Temperature index	8
16 Resistance to refrigerants	8
17 Solderability	8
18 Heat or solvent bonding	8
19 Dielectric dissipation factor	8
20 Resistance to transformer oil	8
23 Pin hole test	8
30 Packaging	8
Bibliography	9

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

SPECIFICATIONS FOR PARTICULAR TYPES OF WINDING WIRES –**Part 31: Glass fibre wound, resin or varnish impregnated, bare or enamelled rectangular copper wire, temperature index 180**

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as “IEC Publication(s)”). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
- 5) IEC itself does not provide any attestation of conformity. Independent certification bodies provide conformity assessment services and, in some areas, access to IEC marks of conformity. IEC is not responsible for any services carried out by independent certification bodies.
- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
- 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard IEC 60317-31 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 55: Winding wires.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition published in 1990, Amendment 1:1997 and Amendment 2:2005. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- new 3.2.2 containing general notes on winding wire, formerly part of the scope;
- introduction of glass fibre coverings over grade 1 enamelled conductor in 3.2.2
- revision to references to IEC 60317-0-4 to make clear that their application is normative

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

CDV	Report on voting
55/1491/CDV	55/1514/RVC

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

This International Standard is to be used in conjunction with the IEC 60317-0-4:2015.

The numbering of clauses in this standard is not continuous from Clauses 20 and 30 in order to reserve space for possible future wire requirements prior to those for wire packaging.

A list of all the parts in the IEC 60317 series, published under the general title *Specifications for particular types of winding wires* can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC web site under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

A bilingual version of this publication may be issued at a later date.

INTRODUCTION

This part of IEC 60317 is one of a series which deals with insulated wires used for windings in electrical equipment. The series has three groups describing:

- 1) Winding wires – Test methods (IEC 60851);
- 2) Specifications for particular types of winding wires (IEC 60317);
- 3) Packaging of winding wires (IEC 60264).

SPECIFICATIONS FOR PARTICULAR TYPES OF WINDING WIRES –

Part 31: Glass fibre wound, resin or varnish impregnated, bare or enamelled rectangular copper wire, temperature index 180

1 Scope

This part of IEC 60317 specifies the requirements of glass fibre wound, resin or varnish impregnated, bare or enamelled rectangular copper winding wire, temperature index 180.

NOTE For this type of wire, the heat shock test is inappropriate and therefore a heat shock temperature cannot be established. Consequently, a class based on the requirements for temperature index and heat shock temperature cannot be specified.

The range of nominal conductor dimensions covered by this standard is:

- width: min. 2,0 mm max. 16,0 mm;
- thickness: min. 0,80 mm max. 5,60 mm.

The specified combinations of width and thickness as well as the specified width/thickness ratio are according to IEC 60317-0-4.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60317-0-4:2015, *Specifications for particular types of winding wires – Part 0: General requirements – Section 4: Glass fibre wound, resin or varnish impregnated, bare or enamelled rectangular copper wire*