



IEC 61439-3

Edition 2.0 2024-03
EXTENDED VERSION

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



This extended version of IEC 61439-3:2024 includes the content of the references made to IEC 61439-1:2020

Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear assemblies – Part 3: Distribution boards intended to be operated by ordinary persons (DBO)

INTERNATIONAL
ELECTROTECHNICAL
COMMISSION

ICS 29.130.20

ISBN 978-2-8322-8671-5

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

LOW-VOLTAGE SWITCHGEAR AND CONTROLGEAR ASSEMBLIES –**Part 3: Distribution boards intended to be operated
by ordinary persons (DBO)**

FOREWORD

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This extended version (EXV) of the official IEC Standard provides the user with the comprehensive content of the Standard.

IEC 61439-3:2024 EXV includes the content of IEC 61439-3:2024, and the references made to IEC 61439-1:2020.

The specific content of IEC 61439-3:2023 is displayed on a blue background.

IEC 61439-3 has been prepared by subcommittee 121B: Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear assemblies, of IEC technical committee 121: Switchgear and controlgear and their assemblies for low voltage. It is an International Standard.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition published in 2012. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) alignment with the structure of IEC 61439-1:2020;
- b) inclusion in the scope of more examples of the type of protection and control devices;
- c) deletion of type A and type B DBOs;
- d) addition of a new Annex BB related to DBOs used in a prosumer's electrical installation (PEI);
- e) addition of a new Annex CC related to rated current of a DBO with additional source of supply in parallel/simultaneously with another source that is connected to the DBO e.g. PV.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

Draft	Report on voting
121B/193/FDIS	121B/195/RVD

Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this International Standard is English.

This document was drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, and developed in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 and ISO/IEC Directives, IEC Supplement, available at www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs. The main document types developed by IEC are described in greater detail at www.iec.ch/publications.

This document is to be read in conjunction with IEC 61439-1:2020. The provisions of the general rules dealt with in IEC 61439-1 are only applicable to this document insofar as they are specifically cited. When this document states "addition", "modification" or "replacement", the relevant text in IEC 61439-1:2020 is to be adapted accordingly.

Subclauses that are numbered with a 101 (102, 103, etc.) suffix are additional to the same subclause in IEC 61439-1:2020.

Tables and figures in this document that are new are numbered starting with 101.

New annexes in this document are lettered AA, BB, etc.

The reader's attention is drawn to the fact that Annex DD lists all of the "in some-country" clauses on differing practices of a less permanent nature relating to the subject of this document.

A list of all parts in the IEC 61439 series, published under the general title *Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear assemblies*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under webstore.iec.ch in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn, or
- revised.

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LOW-VOLTAGE SWITCHGEAR AND CONTROLGEAR ASSEMBLIES –

Part 3: Distribution boards intended to be operated by ordinary persons (DBO)

1 Scope

This part of IEC 61439 defines the specific requirements for distribution boards intended to be operated by ordinary persons (abbreviated DBO throughout this document, see 3.1.101) as follows:

- assemblies intended to be operated by ordinary persons (e.g. switching operations and replacing fuse-links), e.g. in domestic (household) applications;
- assemblies containing outgoing circuits with protective devices intended to be operated by ordinary persons, complying e.g. with IEC 60898-1, the IEC 61008 series, the IEC 61009 series, IEC 62606, IEC 62423 and IEC 60269-3;
- assemblies for applications where the nominal voltage to earth does not exceed 300 V AC (see Table G.1 of IEC 61439-1:2020);

NOTE The voltage limits for DC applications are under consideration.

- assemblies with a rated current (I_{nc}) of the outgoing circuits not exceeding 125 A and a rated current (I_{nA}) not exceeding 250 A;
- assemblies intended for use in connection with the generation, transmission, distribution and conversion of electrical energy, and for the control of equipment consuming electrical energy and for associated data processing;
- enclosed, stationary assemblies;
- assemblies for indoor or outdoor use.

DBOs can contain protection devices, control devices, signalling devices alone or a combination of devices e.g. circuit-breakers, load shedding relay, energy management, communication devices, lighting control.

This document does not apply to an empty enclosure nor to individual devices and self-contained components, such as circuit-breakers, fuse-switches, electronic equipment. which comply with the relevant product standards, it describes the integration of devices, or self-contained components, or both, into a DBO or into an empty enclosure forming a DBO.

This document applies to DBOs designed, manufactured, and verified on a one-off basis or fully standardized and manufactured in quantity.

This document does not apply to the specific types of assemblies covered by other parts of the IEC 61439 series.

NOTE Enclosures for electrical accessories for household and similar fixed electrical installations are covered in IEC 60670-24.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60068-2-2:2007, *Environmental testing – Part 2-2: Tests – Test B: Dry heat*

IEC 60068-2-11:1981, *Basic environmental testing procedures – Part 2-11: Tests – Test Ka: Salt mist*

IEC 60068-2-30:2005, *Environmental testing – Part 2-30: Tests – Test Db: Damp heat, cyclic (12 h + 12 h cycle)*

IEC 60068-2-75, *Environmental testing – Part 2-75: Tests – Test Eh: Hammer tests*

IEC 60073:2002, *Basic and safety principles for man-machine interface, marking and identification – Coding principles for indicators and actuators*

IEC 60085:2007, *Electrical insulation – Thermal evaluation and designation*

IEC 60269-3, *Low-voltage fuses – Part 3: Supplementary requirements for fuses for use by unskilled persons (fuses mainly for household and similar applications) – Examples of standardized systems of fuses A to F*

IEC 60364 (all parts), *Low-voltage electrical installations*

IEC 60364-4-41:2005, *Low-voltage electrical installations – Part 4-41: Protection for safety – Protection against electric shock*

IEC 60364-4-41:2005/AMD1:2017

IEC 60364-5-51:2005, *Electrical installations of buildings – Part 5-51: Selection and erection of electrical equipment – Common rules*

IEC 60364-5-52:2009, *Low-voltage electrical installations – Part 5-52: Selection and erection of electrical equipment – Wiring systems*

IEC 60364-8-82, *Low-voltage electrical installations – Part 8-82: Functional aspects – Prosumer's low-voltage electrical installations*

IEC 60439 (all parts), *Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear assemblies*¹

IEC 60445:2017, *Basic and safety principles for man-machine interface, marking and identification – Identification of equipment terminals, conductor terminations and conductors*

IEC 60447:2004, *Basic and safety principles for man-machine interface, marking and identification – Actuating principles*

IEC 60529:1989, *Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP Code)*²

IEC 60529:1989/AMD1:1999

IEC 60529:1989/AMD2:2013

IEC 60669-2-4, *Switches for household and similar fixed electrical installations – Part 2-4: Particular requirements – Isolating switches*

¹ Withdrawn. The IEC 60439 series has been cancelled and replaced by the IEC 61439 series.

² There is a consolidated document edition 2.2 (2013) that includes IEC 60529 (1989) and its Amendment 1 (1999) and Amendment 2 (2013).

IEC 60695-2-10:2013, *Fire hazard testing – Part 2-10: Glowing/hot-wire based test methods – Glow-wire apparatus and common test procedure*

IEC 60695-2-11:2014, *Fire hazard testing – Part 2-11: Glowing/hot-wire based test methods – Glow-wire flammability test method for end-products (GWEPT)*

IEC 60695-2-12, *Fire hazard testing – Part 2-12: Glowing/hot-wire based test methods – Glow-wire flammability index (GWFI) test method for materials*

IEC 60865-1:2011, *Short-circuit currents – Calculation of effects – Part 1: Definitions and calculation methods*

IEC TR 60890:2014, *A method of temperature-rise verification of low-voltage switchgear and controlgear assemblies by calculation*

IEC 60898-1, *Electrical accessories – Circuit-breakers for overcurrent protection for household and similar installations – Part 1: Circuit-breakers for a.c. operation*

IEC 60947-3, *Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear – Part 3: Switches, disconnectors, switch-disconnectors and fuse-combination units*

IEC 60947-4-1:2018, *Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear – Part 4-1: Contactors and motor-starters – Electromechanical contactors and motor-starters*

IEC 61000-4-2:2008, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-2: Testing and measurement techniques – Electrostatic discharge immunity test*

IEC 61000-4-3:2006, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-3: Testing and measurement techniques – Radiated, radio frequency, electromagnetic field immunity test³*

IEC 61000-4-3:2006/AMD1:2007

IEC 61000-4-3:2006/AMD2:2010

IEC 61000-4-4:2012, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-4: Testing and measurement techniques – Electrical fast transient/burst immunity test*

IEC 61000-4-5:2014, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-5: Testing and measurement techniques – Surge immunity test⁴*

IEC 61000-4-5:2014/AMD1:2017

IEC 61000-4-6:2013, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-6: Testing and measurement techniques – Immunity to conducted disturbances, induced by radio-frequency fields*

IEC 61000-4-8:2009, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-8: Testing and measurement techniques – Power frequency magnetic field immunity test*

IEC 61000-4-11:2004, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-11: Testing and measurement techniques – Voltage dips, short interruptions and voltage variations immunity tests*

IEC 61000-4-11:2004/AMD1:2017

³ There is a consolidated edition 3.2 (2010) that includes IEC 61000-4-3 (2006) and Amendment 1 (2007) and Amendment 2 (2010).

⁴ There is consolidated edition 3.1 (2017) that includes IEC 61000-4-5 (2014) and its Amendment 1 (2017).

IEC 61000-6-3:2006, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 6-3: Generic standards – Emission standard for residential, commercial and light-industrial environments*
IEC 61000-6-3:2006/AMD1:2010

IEC 61000-6-4:2018, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 6-4: Generic standards – Emission standard for industrial environments*

IEC 61008 (all parts), *Residual current operated circuit-breakers without integral overcurrent protection for household and similar uses (RCCBs)*

IEC 61009 (all parts), *Residual current operated circuit-breakers with integral overcurrent protection for household and similar uses (RCBOs)*

IEC 61082-1:2014, *Preparation of documents used in electrotechnology – Part 1: Rules*

IEC 61180:2016, *High-voltage test techniques for low-voltage equipment – Definitions, test and procedure requirements, test equipment*

IEC 61439 (all parts), *Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear assemblies*

IEC 61439-1:2020, *Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear assemblies – Part 1: General rules*

IEC 61921:2017, *Power capacitors – Low-voltage power factor correction banks*

IEC 62208:2011, *Empty enclosures for low-voltage switchgear and controlgear assemblies – General requirements*

IEC 62262, *Degrees of protection provided by enclosures for electrical equipment against external mechanical impacts (IK code)*

IEC 62423:2009, *Type F and type B residual current operated circuit-breakers with and without integral overcurrent protection for household and similar uses*

IEC 62606, *General requirements for arc fault detection devices*

IEC 81346-1:2009, *Industrial systems, installations and equipment and industrial products – Structuring principles and reference designations – Part 1: Basic rules*

IEC 81346-2:2019, *Industrial systems, installations and equipment and industrial products – Structuring principles and reference designations – Part 2: Classification of objects and codes for classes*

CISPR 11:2015, *Industrial, scientific and medical equipment – Radio-frequency disturbance characteristics – Limits and methods of measurement*

CISPR 11:2015/AMD1:2016

CISPR 11:2015/AMD2:2019

CISPR 32:2015, *Electromagnetic compatibility of multimedia equipment – Emission requirements*

CISPR 32:2015/AMD1:2019

ISO 178:2010, *Plastics – Determination of flexural properties*

ISO 178:2010/AMD1:2013

ISO 179-1:2010, *Plastics – Determination of Charpy impact properties – Part 1: Non-instrumented impact test*

ISO 179-2:1997, *Plastics – Determination of Charpy impact properties – Part 2: Instrumented impact test*

ISO 179-2:1997/AMD1:2011

ISO 2409:2013, *Paints and varnishes – Cross-cut test*

ISO 4628-3:2016, *Paints and varnishes – Evaluation of degradation of coatings – Designation of quantity and size of defects, and of intensity of uniform changes in appearance – Part 3: Assessment of degree of rusting*

ISO 4892-2:2013, *Plastics – Methods of exposure to laboratory light sources – Part 2: Xenon-arc lamps*

ISO 7010, *Graphical symbols – Safety colours and safety signs – Registered safety signs*

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE



**Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear assemblies –
Part 3: Distribution boards intended to be operated by ordinary persons (DBO)**

**Ensembles d'appareillage à basse tension –
Partie 3: Tableaux de répartition destinés à être utilisés par des personnes
ordinaires (DBO)**

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

LOW-VOLTAGE SWITCHGEAR AND CONTROLGEAR ASSEMBLIES –**Part 3: Distribution boards intended to be operated
by ordinary persons (DBO)**

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
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- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
- 5) IEC itself does not provide any attestation of conformity. Independent certification bodies provide conformity assessment services and, in some areas, access to IEC marks of conformity. IEC is not responsible for any services carried out by independent certification bodies.
- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
- 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) IEC draws attention to the possibility that the implementation of this document may involve the use of (a) patent(s). IEC takes no position concerning the evidence, validity or applicability of any claimed patent rights in respect thereof. As of the date of publication of this document, IEC had not received notice of (a) patent(s), which may be required to implement this document. However, implementers are cautioned that this may not represent the latest information, which may be obtained from the patent database available at <https://patents.iec.ch>. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

IEC 61439-3 has been prepared by subcommittee 121B: Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear assemblies, of IEC technical committee 121: Switchgear and controlgear and their assemblies for low voltage. It is an International Standard.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition published in 2012. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) alignment with the structure of IEC 61439-1:2020;
- b) inclusion in the scope of more examples of the type of protection and control devices;
- c) deletion of type A and type B DBOs;

- d) addition of a new Annex BB related to DBOs used in a prosumer's electrical installation (PEI);
- e) addition of a new Annex CC related to rated current of a DBO with additional source of supply in parallel/simultaneously with another source that is connected to the DBO e.g. PV.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

Draft	Report on voting
121B/193/FDIS	121B/195/RVD

Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this International Standard is English.

This document was drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, and developed in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 and ISO/IEC Directives, IEC Supplement, available at www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs. The main document types developed by IEC are described in greater detail at www.iec.ch/publications.

This document is to be read in conjunction with IEC 61439-1:2020. The provisions of the general rules dealt with in IEC 61439-1 are only applicable to this document insofar as they are specifically cited. When this document states "addition", "modification" or "replacement", the relevant text in IEC 61439-1:2020 is to be adapted accordingly.

Subclauses that are numbered with a 101 (102, 103, etc.) suffix are additional to the same subclause in IEC 61439-1:2020.

Tables and figures in this document that are new are numbered starting with 101.

New annexes in this document are lettered AA, BB, etc.

The reader's attention is drawn to the fact that Annex DD lists all of the "in some-country" clauses on differing practices of a less permanent nature relating to the subject of this document.

A list of all parts in the IEC 61439 series, published under the general title *Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear assemblies*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under webstore.iec.ch in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn, or
- revised.

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LOW-VOLTAGE SWITCHGEAR AND CONTROLGEAR ASSEMBLIES –

Part 3: Distribution boards intended to be operated by ordinary persons (DBO)

1 Scope

This part of IEC 61439 defines the specific requirements for distribution boards intended to be operated by ordinary persons (abbreviated DBO throughout this document, see 3.1.101) as follows:

- assemblies intended to be operated by ordinary persons (e.g. switching operations and replacing fuse-links), e.g. in domestic (household) applications;
- assemblies containing outgoing circuits with protective devices intended to be operated by ordinary persons, complying e.g. with IEC 60898-1, the IEC 61008 series, the IEC 61009 series, IEC 62606, IEC 62423 and IEC 60269-3;
- assemblies for applications where the nominal voltage to earth does not exceed 300 V AC (see Table G.1 of IEC 61439-1:2020);

NOTE The voltage limits for DC applications are under consideration.

- assemblies with a rated current (I_{nC}) of the outgoing circuits not exceeding 125 A and a rated current (I_{nA}) not exceeding 250 A;
- assemblies intended for use in connection with the generation, transmission, distribution and conversion of electrical energy, and for the control of equipment consuming electrical energy and for associated data processing;
- enclosed, stationary assemblies;
- assemblies for indoor or outdoor use.

DBOs can contain protection devices, control devices, signalling devices alone or a combination of devices e.g. circuit-breakers, load shedding relay, energy management, communication devices, lighting control.

This document does not apply to an empty enclosure nor to individual devices and self-contained components, such as circuit-breakers, fuse-switches, electronic equipment. which comply with the relevant product standards, it describes the integration of devices, or self-contained components, or both, into a DBO or into an empty enclosure forming a DBO.

This document applies to DBOs designed, manufactured, and verified on a one-off basis or fully standardized and manufactured in quantity.

This document does not apply to the specific types of assemblies covered by other parts of the IEC 61439 series.

NOTE Enclosures for electrical accessories for household and similar fixed electrical installations are covered in IEC 60670-24.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

Clause 2 of IEC 61439-1:2020 is applicable in addition to the following.

Addition:

IEC 60068-2-75, *Environmental testing – Part 2-75: Tests – Test Eh: Hammer tests*

IEC 60269-3, *Low-voltage fuses – Part 3: Supplementary requirements for fuses for use by unskilled persons (fuses mainly for household and similar applications) – Examples of standardized systems of fuses A to F*

IEC 60364-8-82, *Low-voltage electrical installations – Part 8-82: Functional aspects – Prosumer's low-voltage electrical installations*

IEC 60898-1, *Electrical accessories – Circuit-breakers for overcurrent protection for household and similar installations – Part 1: Circuit-breakers for a.c. operation*

IEC 60669-2-4, *Switches for household and similar fixed electrical installations – Part 2-4: Particular requirements – Isolating switches*

IEC 60947-3, *Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear – Part 3: Switches, disconnectors, switch-disconnectors and fuse-combination units*

IEC 61008 (all parts), *Residual current operated circuit-breakers without integral overcurrent protection for household and similar uses (RCCBs)*

IEC 61009 (all parts), *Residual current operated circuit-breakers with integral overcurrent protection for household and similar uses (RCBOs)*

IEC 61439-1:2020, *Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear assemblies – Part 1: General rules*

IEC 62423:2009, *Type F and type B residual current operated circuit-breakers with and without integral overcurrent protection for household and similar uses*

IEC 62262, *Degrees of protection provided by enclosures for electrical equipment against external mechanical impacts (IK code)*

IEC 62606, *General requirements for arc fault detection devices*

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COMMISSION ÉLECTROTECHNIQUE INTERNATIONALE

ENSEMBLES D'APPAREILLAGE À BASSE TENSION –

Partie 3: Tableaux de répartition destinés à être utilisés par des personnes ordinaires (DBO)

AVANT-PROPOS

- 1) La Commission Électrotechnique Internationale (IEC) est une organisation mondiale de normalisation composée de l'ensemble des comités électrotechniques nationaux (Comités nationaux de l'IEC). L'IEC a pour objet de favoriser la coopération internationale pour toutes les questions de normalisation dans les domaines de l'électricité et de l'électronique. À cet effet, l'IEC – entre autres activités – publie des Normes internationales, des Spécifications techniques, des Rapports techniques, des Spécifications accessibles au public (PAS) et des Guides (ci-après dénommés "Publication(s) de l'IEC"). Leur élaboration est confiée à des comités d'études, aux travaux desquels tout Comité national intéressé par le sujet traité peut participer. Les organisations internationales, gouvernementales et non gouvernementales, en liaison avec l'IEC, participent également aux travaux. L'IEC collabore étroitement avec l'Organisation Internationale de Normalisation (ISO), selon des conditions fixées par accord entre les deux organisations.
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- 6) Tous les utilisateurs doivent s'assurer qu'ils sont en possession de la dernière édition de cette publication.
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- 8) L'attention est attirée sur les références normatives citées dans cette publication. L'utilisation de publications référencées est obligatoire pour une application correcte de la présente publication.
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L'IEC 61439-3 a été établie par le sous-comité 121B: Ensembles d'appareillages à basse tension, du comité d'études 121 de l'IEC: Appareillages et ensembles d'appareillages basse tension. Il s'agit d'une Norme internationale.

Cette seconde édition annule et remplace la première édition parue en 2012. Cette édition constitue une révision technique.

Cette édition inclut les modifications techniques majeures suivantes par rapport à l'édition précédente:

- a) alignement sur la structure de l'IEC 61439-1:2020;
- b) inclusion dans le domaine d'application de plus d'exemples de types de dispositifs de protection et de commande;
- c) suppression des DBO de type A et de type B;
- d) ajout d'une nouvelle Annexe BB relative aux DBO utilisés dans une installation électrique de prosummateur (PEI);
- e) ajout d'une nouvelle Annexe CC relative au courant assigné d'un DBO avec une source d'alimentation supplémentaire parallèlement/simultanément avec une autre source reliée au DBO, par exemple un panneau photovoltaïque (PV).

Le texte de cette Norme internationale est issu des documents suivants:

Projet	Rapport de vote
121B/193/FDIS	121B/195/RVD

Le rapport de vote indiqué dans le tableau ci-dessus donne toute information sur le vote ayant abouti à son approbation.

La langue employée pour l'élaboration de cette Norme internationale est l'anglais.

Ce document a été rédigé selon les Directives ISO/IEC, Partie 2, il a été développé selon les Directives ISO/IEC, Partie 1 et les Directives ISO/IEC, Supplément IEC, disponibles sous www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs. Les principaux types de documents développés par l'IEC sont décrits plus en détail sous www.iec.ch/publications.

Le présent document doit être lu conjointement avec l'IEC 61439-1:2020. Les dispositions des règles générales traitées dans l'IEC 61439-1 s'appliquent uniquement au présent document dans la mesure où elles sont spécifiquement citées. Lorsque le présent document mentionne "addition", "modification" ou "remplacement", le texte correspondant de l'IEC 61439-1:2020 doit être adapté en conséquence.

Les paragraphes qui sont numérotés avec un suffixe 101 (102, 103, etc.) sont ajoutés au même paragraphe de l'IEC 61439-1:2020.

Les nouveaux tableaux et figures du présent document sont numérotés à partir de 101.

Les nouvelles annexes du présent document sont désignées AA, BB, etc.

L'attention du lecteur est attirée sur le fait que l'Annexe DD énumère tous les articles qui traitent des différences à caractère moins permanent inhérentes à certains pays, concernant le sujet du présent document.

Une liste de toutes les parties de la série IEC 61439, publiées sous le titre général *Ensembles d'appareillage à basse tension*, se trouve sur le site web de l'IEC.

Le comité a décidé que le contenu de ce document ne sera pas modifié avant la date de stabilité indiquée sur le site web de l'IEC sous webstore.iec.ch dans les données relatives au document recherché. À cette date, le document sera

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ENSEMBLES D'APPAREILLAGE À BASSE TENSION –

Partie 3: Tableaux de répartition destinés à être utilisés par des personnes ordinaires (DBO)

1 Domaine d'application

La présente partie de l'IEC 61439 définit les exigences spécifiques pour les tableaux de répartition destinés à être utilisés par des personnes ordinaires (abrégés DBO dans l'ensemble du présent document, voir 3.1.101) ci-après:

- ensembles destinés à être utilisés par des personnes ordinaires (par exemple, pour manœuvrer des appareils de commande et remplacer des éléments de fusible), par exemple dans des applications domestiques;
- ensembles qui contiennent des circuits de départ avec des dispositifs de protection, destinés à être utilisés par des personnes ordinaires, qui satisfont par exemple à l'IEC 60898-1, à la série IEC 61008, à la série IEC 61009, à l'IEC 62606, à l'IEC 62423 et à l'IEC 60269-3;
- ensembles destinés à des applications pour lesquelles la tension nominale à la terre ne dépasse pas 300 V en courant alternatif (voir Tableau G.1 de l'IEC 61439-1:2020);

NOTE Les limites de tension pour les applications en courant continu sont à l'étude.

- ensembles dans lesquels le courant assigné (I_{nc}) des circuits de départ est inférieur ou égal à 125 A et dont le courant assigné (I_{nA}) est inférieur ou égal à 250 A;
- ensembles destinés à être utilisés avec des équipements conçus pour la production, le transport, la distribution et la conversion de l'énergie électrique, la commande des matériels qui consomment de l'énergie électrique et le traitement des données associées;
- ensembles fixes sous enveloppe;
- ensembles pour utilisation en intérieure ou en extérieur.

Les DBO peuvent contenir des dispositifs de protection, des dispositifs de commande, des dispositifs de signalisation seuls ou une combinaison de dispositifs, par exemple, disjoncteurs, relais de délestage, dispositifs de gestion de l'énergie et de communication, commandes d'éclairage.

Le présent document ne s'applique pas aux enveloppes vides ni aux dispositifs individuels ou composants autonomes tels que les disjoncteurs, interrupteurs à fusibles, matériels électroniques, qui satisfont aux normes de produits pertinentes. Il décrit l'intégration de dispositifs ou de composants autonomes, ou les deux, dans un DBO ou dans une enveloppe vide qui constitue un DBO.

Le présent document s'applique aux DBO qu'ils soient conçus, fabriqués et vérifiés individuellement ou qu'ils soient complètement normalisés et fabriqués en masse.

Le présent document ne s'applique pas aux types d'ensembles spécifiques couverts par d'autres parties de la série IEC 61439.

NOTE Les enveloppes pour appareillages électriques pour installations électriques fixes domestiques et analogues sont traitées dans l'IEC 60670-24.

2 Références normatives

Les documents suivants sont cités dans le texte de sorte qu'ils constituent, pour tout ou partie de leur contenu, des exigences du présent document. Pour les références datées, seule l'édition citée s'applique. Pour les références non datées, la dernière édition du document de référence s'applique (y compris les éventuels amendements).

L'Article 2 de l'IEC 61439-1:2020 s'applique, avec les ajouts suivants.

Addition:

IEC 60068-2-75, *Essais d'environnement – Partie 2-75: Essais – Test Eh: Essais au marteau*

IEC 60269-3, *Fusibles basse tension – Partie 3: Exigences supplémentaires pour les fusibles destinés à être utilisés par des personnes non qualifiées (fusibles pour usages essentiellement domestiques et analogues) – Exemples de systèmes de fusibles normalisés A à F*

IEC 60364-8-82, *Installations électriques à basse tension – Partie 8-82: Aspects fonctionnels – Installations électriques à basse tension du prosommateur*

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